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# Data Sheet BPTF/FALZ TR-FRET Assay Kit Catalog # w42643

## **DESCRIPTION:**

The BPTF TR-FRET Assay Kit is designed to measure the inhibition of the binding of BPTF, also known as FALZ, to its substrate in a homogeneous 384 reaction format. This FRET-based assay requires no time-consuming washing steps, making it especially suitable for high throughput screening applications. The assay procedure is straightforward and simple; a sample containing terbium-labeled donor, dye-labeled acceptor, BPTF, substrate, and an inhibitor is incubated for 2 hours. Then, the fluorescence intensity is measured using a fluorescence reader.

#### **COMPONENTS:**

Catalog #	Component	Amount	Storage	
w41145	BPTF(FALZ), GST-tag	10 μg	-80℃	
	BET Bromodomain Ligand	75 μl	-80℃	
	Non-acetylated Ligand 1	15 μl	-20℃	Avoid
	Tb donor	20 μΙ	-20℃	(Avoid freeze/ thaw
	Dye-labeled acceptor	20 μl	-20℃	cycles!)
	3x BPTF TR-FRET Assay Buffer	4 ml	-20℃	Cycles:/
	White Nonbinding low volume	1	Room	
	microtiter plate (Corning)		temp.	

#### MATERIALS OR INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

Fluorescent microplate reader capable of measuring Time Resolved Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (TR-FRET)

Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips

**APPLICATIONS:** Great for screening small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and HTS applications.

**STABILITY:** At least 6 months from date of receipt when stored as directed.

REFERENCE(S): Filippakopoulos, P., et al., Cell 2012; 149:214.

# ASSAY PROTOCOL:

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

1) Dilute one part **3x BPTF TR-FRET Assay Buffer** with 2 parts distilled water (3-fold dilution) to make **1x BPTF Assay Buffer**. Make only a sufficient quantity needed for the assay; store remaining stock solution in aliquots at -20 °C.



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- 2) Dilute **Tb-labeled donor** and **Dye-labeled acceptor** 100-fold in **1x BPTF Assay Buffer**. Make only sufficient quantities needed for the assay; store remaining stock solution in aliquots at -20 °C.
- 3) Add 5  $\mu$ I of diluted **Tb-labeled donor**, and 5  $\mu$ I of diluted **Dye-labeled acceptor** to every well.
- 4) Add 2 μl of inhibitor solution to each well designated "Test Inhibitor". Add 2 μl of the same solution without inhibitor (inhibitor buffer) to the wells labeled "Substrate Control", and "Positive Control".

	Positive Control	Negative* Control	Test Inhibitor
Tb-labeled donor	5 μΙ	5 μΙ	5 μΙ
Dye-labeled acceptor	5 μΙ	5 μΙ	5 μΙ
Test Inhibitor	_	_	2 μΙ
Inhibitor Buffer (no inhibitor)	2 μΙ	2 μΙ	_
BET Bromodomain Ligand	5 μΙ	_	5 μΙ
Non-acetylated Ligand 1	_	_	_
1x BPTF Buffer	_	5 μl*	_
BPTF (1 ng/μl)	3 μΙ	3 μΙ	3 μΙ
Total	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	20 μΙ

<sup>\*</sup>Non-acetylated Ligand 1 may be used as a substrate control in place of the negative control.

- 5) Thaw **BET Bromodomain Ligand** on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing ligand to recover the full contents of the tube. Aliquot each ligand into single-use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted ligand at -80°C immediately. *Note: each ligand is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots.*
- 6) Individually dilute **BET Bromodomain Ligand** 40-fold in **1x BPTF Assay Buffer**. Add 5 μl of diluted **BET Bromodomain Ligand** to each well designated as "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor". Add 5 μl of **1x BPTF Assay Buffer** to the wells labeled "Negative Control". Note: if using the **Non-acetylated Ligand 1**, dilute **Non-acetylated Ligand 1** 40-fold in **1x BPTF Assay Buffer** and add 5 μl of diluted **Non-acetylated Ligand 1** to the "Negative Control" well in place of the 5 μl of **1x BPTF Assay Buffer**.
- 7) Thaw **BPTF** bromodomain protein on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing protein to recover the full contents of the tube. Aliquot **BPTF** protein into single-use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted **BPTF** in aliquots at –80°C immediately. *Note:* **BPTF** is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted protein.



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- 8) Dilute **BPTF** in **1x BPTF Assay Buffer** to 1 ng/μl (3 ng/reaction). Initiate reaction by adding 3 μl of diluted **BPTF** to every well. Discard any remaining diluted BPTF protein after use.
- 9) Incubate at room temperature for 2 hours.
- 10) Read the fluorescent intensity in a microtiter-plate reader capable of TR-FRET.

# **Instrument Settings**

Reading Mode	Time Resolved		
Excitation Wavelength	340±20 nm		
Emission Wavelength	620±10 nm		
Lag Time	60 μs		
Integration Time	500 μs		
Excitation Wavelength	340±20 nm		
Emission Wavelength	665±10 nm		
Lag Time	60 μs		
Integration Time	500 μs		

## **CALCULATING RESULTS:**

Two sequential measurements should be conducted. Tb-donor emission should be measured at 620 nm followed by dye-acceptor emission at 665 nm. Data analysis is performed using the TR-FRET ratio (665 nm emission/620 nm emission).

When percentage activity is calculated, the FRET value from the negative control can be set as zero percent activity and the FRET value from the positive control can be set as one hundred percent activity.

$$\% Activity = \frac{FRET_S - FRET_{neg}}{FRET_P - FRET_{neg}} \times 100\%$$

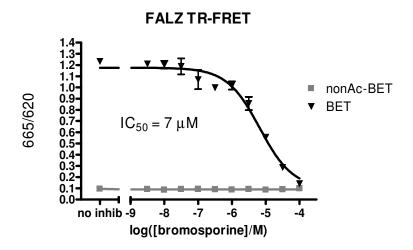
Where  $FRET_s = Sample\ FRET$ ,  $FRET_{neg} = negative\ control\ FRET$ , and  $FRET_P = Positive\ control\ FRET$ .



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## **EXAMPLE OF ASSAY RESULTS:**



Interaction of BPTF (West Bioscience Cat. #w41145) with BET Ligand and inhibition by bromosporine (WestBio Cat. #w37623). Assay was done according to protocol for the BPTF TR-FRET Assay Kit (WestBio Cat. #w42643). Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact West Bioscience, Inc. at sale@westbioscience.com

Note: Tb-labeled donor and dye-labeled acceptor are products of Cisbio Bioassays.